



# Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRAP Formerly Large Cap Quality Growth AS OF MARCH 31, 2025

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# Bahl&Gaynor Firm & Capabilities

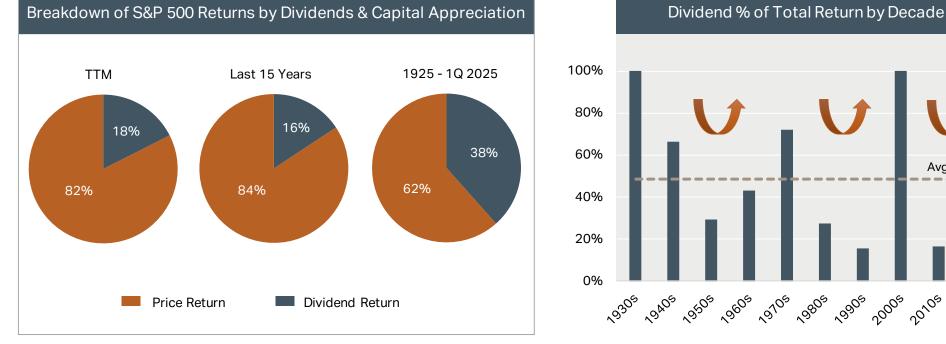
Firm Overview	Investment Strategies						
	Income Gro	owth Family	Divide	nd Family			
Singular Focus on Dividend Growth	<ul> <li>Targeted Client Outcom</li> <li>1. Current &amp; Consistent In</li> <li>Mid-to-high single-digitation</li> </ul>	come t annual growth (%)	<ul> <li><u>Targeted Client Outcomes</u>:</li> <li>1. High Long-Term Income Growth</li> <li>Higher long-term compound annual growth rate</li> </ul>				
4 Active Strategies	<ul> <li>Yield &gt; 1.5x the benchr</li> <li>2. Downside Protection</li> <li>Risk exposure ≤80% of</li> <li>3. Aims to provide comperisk-managed context</li> </ul>	f benchmark risk	<ul> <li>(CAGR)</li> <li>Yield ≥ the benchmark</li> <li>2. Downside Protection</li> <li>Risk exposure ≤90% of benchmark risk</li> <li>3. Seeks to capitalize on dividend growth oppowithin a diversified portfolio</li> </ul>				
<b>\$51.6B</b> <sup>†</sup> Firm AUA/AUM (3/31/25)	Income Growth	<b>smig® -</b> Small/Mid Cap Income Growth	Dividend	Small Cap Dividend			
100%	Strategy:	Strategy:	Strategy:	Strategy:			
Employee Owned	<ul> <li>Inception: 12/2005</li> <li>AUM/AUA: \$39.0B</li> <li>Dividend Yield: 2.6%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inception: 3/2013</li> <li>AUM/AUA: \$2.2B</li> <li>Dividend Yield: 2.4%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inception: 6/1990</li> <li>AUM/AUA: \$6.5B</li> <li>Dividend Yield: 1.7%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inception: 12/2005</li> <li>AUM/AUA: \$0.3B</li> <li>Dividend Yield: 1.4%</li> </ul>			
Founded in 1990 Cincinnati, OH	Vehicle: Active ETF Advisor SMA/UMA Managed Accounts	Vehicle: Active ETF Advisor SMA/UMA Managed Accounts	Vehicle: Active ETF Advisor SMA/UMA Managed Accounts	Vehicle: Active ETF Advisor SMA/UMA Managed Accounts			

Cap Income Growth AUM was \$1.4B and AUA was \$734.6M. Bahl & Gaynor Dividend AUM was \$6.0B and AUA was \$534.2M. Bahl & Gaynor Small Cap Dividend AUM was \$164.7M and AUA was \$167.2M. Source: Bahl & Gaynor. Bahl & Gaynor identifies assets under management as assets over which the firm has discretion (including high net worth and institutional accounts and certain platform assets). Assets under advisement include model-only platform assets over which the firm does not have discretion. Past performance does not guarantee future results. All references to growth, yield, and risk reduction are based on historical data and may not be achieved in the future. A GIPS Composite report detailing GIPS compliant performance can be found within the final pages of this presentation.



rs	<b>Communication Services</b> Keith H. Rennekamp, CFA Hired: May 2018 22 years experience	Consumer Discret Christopher M. Ro Hired: May 2014 42 years experience	owane, CFA J. Er Hired	sumer Staples ric Strange, CFA d: April 2019 ears experience	<b>Energy</b> John B. Schmitz, CFA Hired: December 2005 40 years experience
nbei	Fina	ncials		Health	care
Investment Committee Members	Edward A. Woods, CFA Hired: September 2004 35 years experience	W. Jeff Bahl Hired: May 2014 24 years experience	Hirec	les E. Russell, Jr., CFA d: October 2014 ears experience	Kevin T. Gade, CFA Hired: September 2016 14 years experience
omr	Industrials & Transportation	Ir	nformation Technology &	Materials	
estment C	Peter M. Kwiatkowski, CFA Hired: January 2019 26 years experience	Scott D. Rodes, C Hired: June 2001 38 years experience	FA Nich Hired	nolas W. Puncer, CFA d: July 2010 ears experience	
Inv	Real	Estate	Utilii	ties	
	Stephanie S. Thomas, CFA Hired: July 2012 35 years experience	Robert S. Groenke Hired: December 20 19 years experience	019 Hired	D. Hummel d: February 2008 ears experience	
		Associate Portfoli	o Managers		Analysts
Hir	n T. Owens, CFA red: August 2017 I years experience Hired: August 2017 11 years	gust 2018	Kunaal A. Kanagal, CFA Hired: May 2024 13 years experience	Katherine H. Kober, CFA Hired: December 2021 7 years experience	Jared A. Bresnen, CFA Hired: September 2019 9 years experience
S	ummary: ✓ 14 Investme Committee		erage 29 years estment experience	<ul> <li>✓ Average 12 years at Bahl &amp; Gaynor</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Investment decision made by consensus</li> </ul>
	nvestment leetings	ed Topics	Current & Potential Holdings	Sector Update & Review	Strategy Action

### Dividends and Capital Appreciation: A POWERFUL COMBINATION



- The recent composition of large-cap equity returns have been primarily driven by price return rather than dividend return.
- This price return-dominated environment differs from the historical long-term balance between price and dividend return.
- The balance between price and dividend return appears to fluctuate cyclically over multi-decade periods.
- Bahl & Gaynor's investment philosophy seeks to leverage both sources of return by focusing on dividend growth as a key driver of long-term price appreciation.

Ava. 48%

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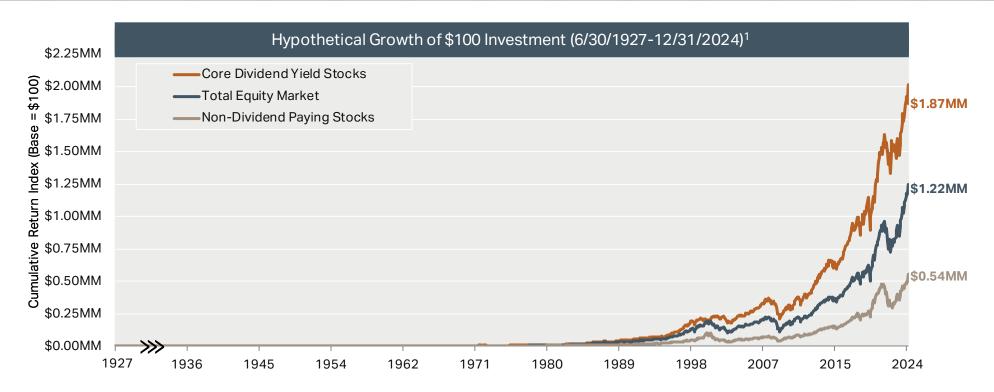
20105

20202

1990<sup>5</sup>

Source: Ned Davis Research, Inc (Prior to 9/30/2018), FactSet (Post 9/30/2018). Data as of 3/31/2025. Price Return equals the percent change in the S&P 500 Price Only Index. Total return equals price return plus reinvested dividends during the period. Dividend Return equals the total return minus price return. Percentage return from dividends equals dividend return divided by total return. For periods where the dividend return is greater than total return, the percentage return from dividends is stated as 100%. Information sourced from third party. Bahl & Gaynor does not represent the information is accurate or complete and it should not be relied on as such. Bahl & Gaynor assumes no liability for the interpretation or use of this report. For Illustration purposes only. Past performance does not guarantee future results. Investment strategies involve risk, including the potential loss of principal. Historical performance results for investment indices and/or categories have been provided for general comparison purposes only, and generally do not reflect the deduction of transaction and/or custodial fees, the deduction of an investment management fee, nor the impact of taxes, the incurrence of which would have the effect of decreasing historical performance results. It should not be assumed that your account holdings do or will correspond directly to any comparative indices. The index and other amounts shown above do not relate to Bahl & Gaynor strategies and are for illustrative purposes only. BGINST20250403-1

### Bahl&Gaynor Dividend Policy Matters

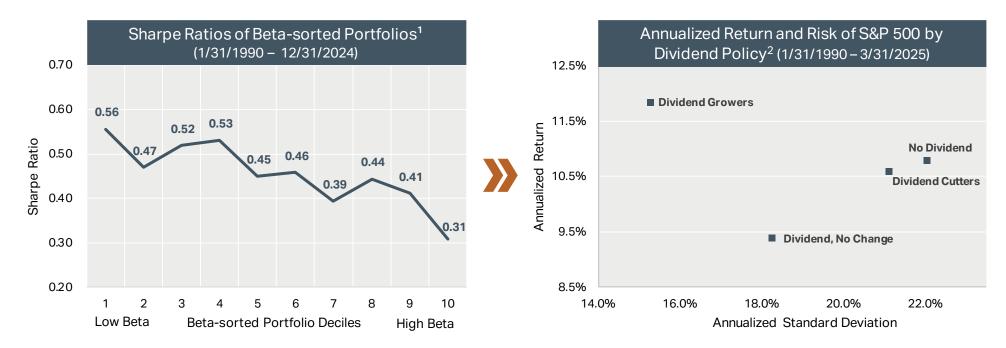


- Companies that have increased shareholder distributions have generally outperformed the total equity market and non-dividend paying companies.
- Market price may rise or fall, but dividend income that grows steadily increases income potential for individuals and institutions.
- Dividend growth provides a solid foundation for a stock's total return.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Source: Ken French's Website - <u>http://mba.tuck.dartmouth.edu/pages/faculty/ken.french/index.html</u>.Total Equity Market representative of US public equity securities listed on the NYSE, AMEX or NASDAQ exchange; Core Dividend Yield Stocks Portfolio comprised of companies with a dividend yield in the middle 40% of the total market index, reconstituted annually. Monthly returns are calculated on a valueweighted basis. Information sourced from third party. Bahl & Gaynor does not represent the information is accurate or complete and it should not be relied on as such. Bahl & Gaynor assumes no liability for the interpretation or use of this report. For Illustration purposes only. **Past performance does not guarantee future results.** All results are hypothetical, and the results are not based on the performance of an actual portfolio and the interpretation of the results should take into consideration of the limitation inherent in the results of the model. The results exclude any advisory fees, trading cost or other fees or charges. The reinvestment of dividends, interest, capital gains and withholding taxes are all built into the hypothetical analysis. Hypothetical returns may be dependent on the market and economic conditions that existed during the period. Future market or economic conditions can adversely affect the performance of the hypothetical analysis. The index and other amounts shown above do not relate to the Bahl & Gaynor Dividend strategy and are for illustrative purposes only.

### The Low-Beta Anomaly:

A HISTORICALLY ROBUST COMPLEMENT TO DIVIDENDS AND DIVIDEND GROWTH STYLE



- Low-beta portfolios have historically produced higher Sharpe ratios than high-beta portfolios.
- Dividend-growing companies have historically exhibited better return and lower risk profiles than both dividend-paying and non-dividend companies.
- Bahl & Gaynor believes low-beta portfolios and dividend-growing companies exhibit complementary fundamental characteristics such as business stability and through-cycle earnings quality – thus, downside protection is the secondary objective of Bahl & Gaynor's Dividend strategy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Source: Ken French's Website - <u>http://mba.tuck.dartmouth.edu/pages/faculty/ken.french/index.html</u>. Copyright 2025 Kenneth R. French. Data range: 1/31/1990-12/31/2024, latest available data as of this report's release date. Beta-sorted portfolio returns were formed on a value-weighted basis at the end of June each year utilizing trailing 60-month returns for the calculation of beta using this Scholes-Williams method dividing the sample of portfolios into beta deciles. Sharpe Ratios for each beta-sorted portfolio were calculated based on monthly return series for the corresponding decile of beta-sorted portfolio. <sup>2</sup>Source: All data from Strategas Research, Inc.© Copyright 2025 Strategas Research, Inc.. The "Dividend Growers" basket includes S&P 500 securities with a current dividend greater than the prior year, dividend, the "Dividend, No Change" basket includes S&P 500 companies that do not pay a dividend. The universe is equal weighted.

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### Bahl&Gaynor Why Dividends?

Bahl & Gaynor typically invests in high-quality companies that pay growing dividends.

We believe a strong dividend policy signals:

#### Earnings Power

Regular dividends that follow a defined payout ratio are a useful proxy for management's confidence in the business.

#### **Earnings Quality**

The ability to pay cash from reported earnings points to the inherent quality of those earnings.

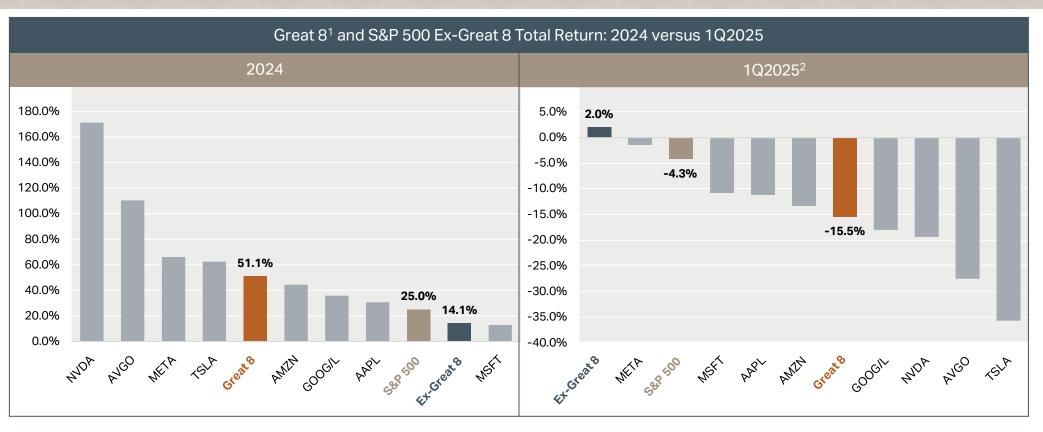
#### **Business Stability**

The ability to pay a dividend is an important indicator to investors that the company has a proven and sustainable business model.

#### **Financial Strength**

Dividends are a powerful tool in communicating financial health to the capital markets.

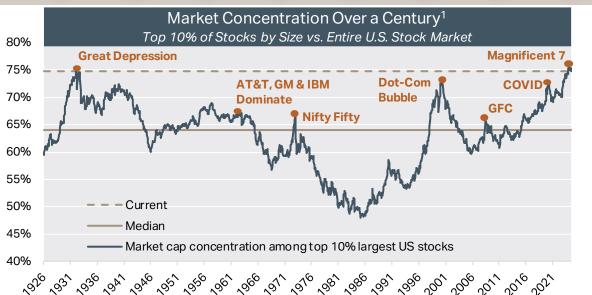
#### 1Q2O25, A Difficult Start for the "Great 8": WIDENING DISPERSION MAY PRESENT A RISK TO CAP-WEIGHTED EXPOSURE



- In 2024, building on similar trends from 2023, the S&P 500's return was largely driven by the narrow leadership of the "Great 8"—eight of the largest market-cap stocks. These stocks made up 32.1% of the index and contributed 58% to the index's +25.0% return.
- Market breadth widened to start 2025 amid policy uncertainty and growth concerns, with this subset of stocks down -15.5% through March 2025, while the remaining index constituents gained +2.0% in aggregate.
- The potential for sustained dispersion among index constituents could pose a risk to cap-weighted exposure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>"Great 8" stocks include Apple (AAPL), Amazon (AMZN), Alphabet (GOOG/L), Broadcom (AVGO), Meta Platforms (META), Microsoft (MSFT), Nvidia (NVDA), and Tesla (TSLA). <sup>2</sup>Data as of 3/31/2025. Bahl & Gaynor assumes no liability for the interpretation or use of this report. For Illustration purposes only. **Past performance does not guarantee future results.** Figures represent the 2024 total return and 1Q2025 returns of the S&P 500 Index, the "Great 8" group and individual constituents defined above, and the S&P 500 Index returns excluding the "Great 8" stocks. Source: Bahl & Gaynor, FactSet.

### Market Concentration and Diversification Cycles: A TIPPING POINT?



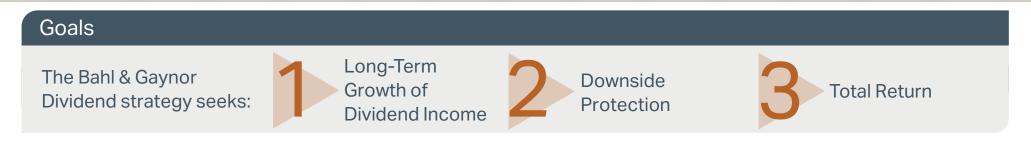
- The market is more concentrated now than at any point in the past century.
- Historically, periods of increasing market concentration have been followed by phases of greater diversification. The current concentration cycle, which began in 2006, is the longest on record and nearly double the historical average cycle length of 10.3 years<sup>2</sup>.

Relative Market Performance Dynamics After Concentration Peak <sup>3</sup>									
	<u>3 Years</u>		<u>5 Y</u>	<u>ears</u>	<u>10 \</u>	<u>ears</u>	Diversification Cycle Average		
	Ann.	Cuml.	Ann.	Cuml.	Ann.	Cuml.	Ann.	Cuml.	
Equal <u>over</u> Cap Weighted <sup>4</sup>	14%	50%	12%	82%	8%	125%	9%	197%	
Small <u>over</u> Large <sup>5</sup>	10%	36%	9%	61%	8%	114%	9%	158%	
Value over Growth <sup>6</sup>									

- Once concentration cycles peak, the performance dynamics of certain portfolio characteristics (equal over capweighted, small over large, and value over growth) tend to shift.
- Bahl & Gaynor's fundamental dividend growth strategies are designed to incorporate these characteristics, which may
  offer potential benefits in a diversification cycle.

<sup>1</sup>Source: Ken French's Website-<u>http://mba.tuck.dartmouth.edu/pages/faculty/ken.french/index.html</u>, Bahl & Gaynor, Deutsche Bank. Data as of 12/31/2024. <sup>2</sup>Source: Bahl & Gaynor, Ken French Data, MFS, 2024. Data as of 12/31/2024. Note: Concentration cycles and diversification cycles represent the time elapsed between peak and trough concentration and diversification. It is not yet clear whether the current concentration cycle is still in progress or has ended, therefore its ultimate length is not currently known with certainty, nor is the length of the subsequent diversification cycle. Average is determined only from the 1932, 1957, 1973, and 2000 cycles. It does not include the current cycle. <sup>3</sup>Source: Bank of America Global Research, 2024. Data as of 12/31/2024. <sup>4</sup>Equal Weight is cap Weight Comparison: Equal Weight is represented by the S&P 500 Equal Weight Index and Cap Weight Comparison: Equal Weight is represented by the S&P 500 Equal Weight Index and Cap Weight Comparison: Sull see Comparison: Shall See Comparison: Small is represented by the Russell 1000 Index. <sup>6</sup>Value vs. Growth Comparison: Value represented by the Russell 1000 Value Index and Growth represented by the Russell 1000 Growth Index. Magnificent 7 Cohortrefers to a group of seven influential U.S. technology companies: Alphabet (the parent company of Google), Amazon, Apple, Meta Platforms (formerly Facebook), Microsoft, NVIDIA, and Tesla. Concentration Cycle refers to a phase where the equity market becomes specifically concentrated, or top-heavy, in a group of seven influential U.S. technology companies: Equal-weighted Index is a type of stock market index where each component stock has the same weight, regardless of its market capitalization. Cap-weighted Index, or market-capitalization-weighted index, is a type of stock market index in which each component stock is weighted according to its total market value (market capitalization). Small Capitalization Companies, often referred to a ssmall-cap stocks, are companies with a market capi

### Bahl&Gaynor Bahl & Gaynor Dividend Overview



#### Strategy

- Unique philosophy focused on high-quality, dividend-paying businesses with underappreciated capabilities to compound capital and grow dividends over time.
- Dividends provide tax-favored income for individuals.
  - 96.8% of dividend income was qualified in 2024<sup>1</sup>.
- 96% of companies currently owned in the strategy pay dividends in US dollars <sup>2</sup>.
- Trailing-twelve-month turnover of 24.3%<sup>2</sup>, consistent with long-term investment focus.
- High active share<sup>3</sup> large cap core mandate seeking competitive through-cycle risk-adjusted returns vs. S&P 500 benchmark.

#### Inherent Risk Mitigation

A risk-aware philosophy that has historically produced competitive risk-adjusted returns relative to the benchmark.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A qualified dividend is taxed at the capital gains tax rate versus the ordinary income tax rate. This does not constitute tax advice. Please consult a tax advisor regarding the taxation of dividends. <sup>2</sup>Data as of most recent quarter end. <sup>3</sup>Active Share measures the fraction of a portfolio (based on position weights) that differs from the benchmark. The higher the active share, the greater the difference between the portfolio and index holdings/weights. Principal risks of investing in this strategy include stock market risk, management risk, recent market events risk, and large cap company risk. All equity investments inherently have aspects of risk associated with them; past performance is no guarantee of future results. An issuer of a security may be unwilling or unable to pay income on a security. Common stocks do not assure dividend payments and are paid only when declared by an issuer's board of directors. The amount of any dividend may vary over time.

### ahl&Gaynor Bahl & Gaynor Dividend Overview

#### Long-Term Growth of Dividend Income<sup>1</sup>

- Dividend yield of 1.7%<sup>2</sup> from 45+ stocks, all of which pay a dividend.
- Weighted average one-year dividend growth rate of 12.7% and five-year dividend growth rate of 9.3%.
- 44 of the 54 holdings have increased the dividend for at least 10 consecutive years<sup>3</sup>.

#### **Downside Protection & Diversification**

- Over the last year, the strategy has exhibited a strong daily downside capture ratio of 78.3% versus the S&P 500<sup>4</sup>.
- Gross downside capture of 79.9% versus the S&P 500 since 12/31/1999<sup>5</sup> (7<sup>th</sup> percentile rank versus large cap core peers, "peers")<sup>6</sup>.
- High conviction, and often high-quality stocks are held at overweight positions; the top 10 holdings comprise 38.4% of the portfolio with active share of 81.3% relative to the S&P 500<sup>1</sup>.

#### Long-Term Capital Appreciation through Risk-Adjusted Returns, Since 12/31/1999<sup>5</sup>

- Gross beta of 0.81 compared to the S&P 500 (7<sup>th</sup> percentile rank versus peers).
- Gross alpha of 2.23 compared to the S&P 500 (25<sup>th</sup> percentile rank versus peers).
- Gross standard deviation of 13.21% compared to the S&P 500 at 15.28% (7<sup>th</sup> percentile rank versus peers).
- Competitive risk adjusted returns with gross Sharpe ratio of 0.50 versus the S&P 500 Sharpe ratio of 0.36 (15<sup>th</sup> percentile rank versus peers).

Data as of most recent quarter end. Sources: Bahl & Gaynor, FactSet, Informa – Zephyr. Bahl & Gaynor assumes no liability for the interpretation or use of this report. For Illustration purposes only. **Past performance does not guarantee future results**. <sup>1</sup>Data is drawn from the Bahl & Gaynor Dividend model portfolio that is fully discretionary, unconstrained and subject to change. Individual Bahl & Gaynor clients may or may not hold these positions or have similar characteristics. <sup>2</sup>Dividend yield includes cash holdings. <sup>3</sup>An issuer of a security may be unwilling or unable to pay income on a security. Common stocks do not assure dividend payments and are paid only when declared by an issuer's board of directors. The amount of any dividend may vary over time. <sup>4</sup>Historical downside capture is the sum of Bahl & Gaynor Dividend returns on all S&P 500 down days divided by the sum of S&P 500 returns on all respective down days. Down days are defined as any trading day the S&P 500 Index posts a negative total return. The above is intended only to illustrate how the strategy has behaved in relation to the S&P 500 on down days and makes no representation about investment performance. Bahl & Gaynor Dividend performance is experienced by investors.<sup>5</sup> Time period chosen to show performance of the strategy from the prior market cycle peak through the entirety of that cycle. <sup>6</sup> Percentile ranking courtesy of Informa – PSN's Large Cap Core Universe includes US equity products that select Large Cap (\$10B - \$200B) as their primary market capitalization range with core chosen as the primary style. REITs and convertible products are excluded.

## Bahl&Gaynor Investment Process

The Bahl & Gaynor Dividend strategy invests in high-quality dividend-growth companies to form a portfolio that provides current income and accelerated portfolio income growth.

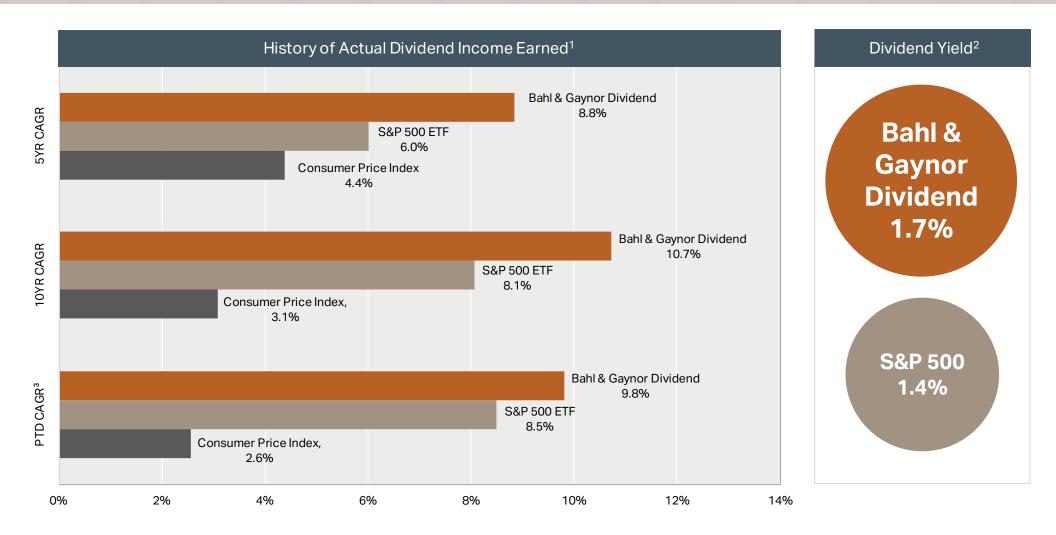
Bottom-Up	Fundamental	Fundamental	Investment Committee
Quantitative Screen	Sector Review	Security Investigation	Review & Implementation
<ul> <li>\$1 billion market cap at purchase</li> <li>Historical earnings and dividend growth (e.g., two dividend increases in the last five years)</li> <li>Strong balance sheets and cash flow generation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conducted by Investment Committee, with assigned sector responsibility</li> <li>Review current and potential holdings</li> <li>Quantitative and qualitative comparison of stocks versus peers, history and market</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Target dominant companies with clear competitive advantage and reasonable valuation</li> <li>Shareholder-friendly management with large insider ownership</li> <li>Emphasize companies with consistent growth characteristics</li> <li>Seek to meet with senior management</li> <li>Reduces stock universe to a Focus List of 200-300 stocks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Consensus decision-making process</li> <li>Portfolio typically contains 45-55 stocks and a non-tactical 1% - 3% cash position</li> <li>Portfolio typically managed to maximum 5% capital contribution per stock</li> <li>Harmonious balance between absolute yield and growth of income</li> </ul>

# Bahl & Gaynor will consider selling or trimming our positions for any one of the following reasons:

Dividend Policy	Fundamental	Cash Flow or Earnings	Management
<ul> <li>Declining growth rate</li> <li>No increase for some time</li> <li>Dividend payment reduction</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Valuation</li> <li>Oversized position</li> <li>Better opportunity for yield, enhanced fundamentals, or income growth elsewhere</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Declining cash flow return on investment</li> <li>Negative operating cash flow</li> <li>Declining earnings quality</li> <li>Accounting issues</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unexpected leadership change</li> <li>New ownership, acquisition or rising debt level</li> <li>Unusual insider trading</li> </ul>



#### Income Growth Results – 1Q2O25: STRONG CASH FLOW GROWTH AT ENHANCED YIELD



CAGR is the compound annual growth rate. **Past performance does not guarantee future results.** These figures are for illustrative purposes only. Individual Bahl & Gaynor clients may realize different income growth rates due to variable client investing needs. <sup>1</sup>The income growth rate for the Bahl & Gaynor Dividend strategy is calculated as of the most recent quarter-end using the trailing twelve months of income earned in a model portfolio, with income reinvestment, compared to the income earned in the twelve-month period one, three, and five years prior. **The income growth rate for the SeP 500 Index that pays out real distributions of dividend income paid by the index constituents.** SPY was chosen versus other S&P 500 Index that pays out real distributions of dividend income paid by the index constituents. SPY was chosen versus other S&P 500 Index tracking ETFs due to its status as one of the largest ETFs tracking the S&P 500 Index and its longer history, with an inception date of 1/22/1993, versus peers. SPY income is calculated as of the most recent quarter-end using the trailing twelve months of income earned in the twelve-month period one, three, and five years prior. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics as a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. <sup>2</sup>Dividend yield includes cash holdings. <sup>3</sup>Period to date (PTD) CAGR is from 12/31/2004 to quarter-end.

Source: Bahl & Gaynor, FactSet, and Bloomberg.

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#### Bahl & Gaynor Dividend Model Portfolio Dividend Analysis<sup>†</sup>: AN EMPHASIS ON CURRENT INCOME AND ACCELERATED DIVIDEND GROWTH

Company Name	1-Year Dividend Growth	5-Year Average Dividend Growth <sup>1</sup>	Dividend Yield	Income Percentage	10+ Years of Dividend Increases
AbbVie Inc	5.8%	6.8%	3.1%	6.0%	✓
Accenture PLC Ireland Class A	14.7%	13.1%	1.9%	1.4%	×
Air Prods & Chems Inc	1.1%	6.0%	2.4%	2.5%	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Alphabet Inc Cap Stock CI A	1.170	0.0%	0.5%	0.4%	,
American Financial Group Inc Ohio	12.7%	12.2%	2.4%	1.2%	$\checkmark$
Analog Devices Inc	7.6%	9.8%	2.4%	1.6%	× ×
Apollo Global Mgmt Inc CI A	7.6%	-12.3%	1.4%	1.5%	•
					$\checkmark$
Avery Dennison Corp	8.6%	8.7%	2.0%	1.4%	$\checkmark$
Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corp CI A	7.8%	12.2%	2.1%	1.7%	
Broadcom Inc	12.4%	12.7%	1.4%	3.3%	V
Broadridge Financial Solutions Inc	10.0%	10.3%	1.5%	3.4%	✓
Carlisle Cos Inc	17.6%	14.9%	1.2%	1.4%	$\checkmark$
CBOE Global Mkts Inc	14.5%	11.8%	1.1%	0.6%	✓ <i>✓</i>
Chevron Corp	4.9%	5.8%	4.1%	2.3%	✓
Cintas Corp	15.6%	19.6%	0.8%	1.7%	✓ <
CME Group Inc CI A	8.7%	8.0%	1.9%	1.4%	✓ <i>✓</i>
CMS Energy Corp	5.3%	5.9%	2.9%	1.6%	✓
D R Horton Inc	33.3%	18.0%	1.3%	0.4%	✓
Eli Lilly & Co	15.4%	15.2%	0.7%	2.1%	$\checkmark$
Encompass Health Corp	13.3%	-9.5%	0.7%	0.4%	
Evercore Inc Class A	5.3%	6.6%	1.6%	0.8%	✓ ✓
Hartford Financial Services Group Inc	10.6%	9.9%	1.7%	2.6%	· · ·
Home Depot Inc	2.2%	8.9%	2.5%	2.8%	
Hubbell Inc	8.2%	7.7%	1.6%	0.4%	~
JPMorgan Chase & Co	21.7%	9.2%	2.3%	2.3%	× ×
					<b>v</b>
Keurig Dr Pepper Inc	7.0%	8.9%	2.7%	1.5%	
KKR & Co Inc CI A	6.1%	7.0%	0.6%	0.4%	✓
L3Harris Technologies Inc	3.4%	7.1%	2.3%	1.2%	
Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc	14.8%	12.4%	1.3%	2.9%	$\checkmark$
Meta Platforms Inc CI A	5.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.5%	
Mondelez Intl Inc CI A	10.6%	10.5%	2.8%	4.7%	✓
Motorola Solutions Inc	11.2%	11.2%	1.0%	2.3%	✓
Nextera Energy Inc	10.0%	10.1%	3.2%	4.0%	✓
Oracle Corp	25.0%	15.8%	1.4%	1.1%	✓ <i>✓</i>
Parker Hannifin Corp	10.1%	13.1%	1.1%	0.7%	✓
PepsiCo Inc	7.1%	7.2%	3.6%	1.9%	✓
Phillips 66	9.5%	5.0%	3.7%	1.3%	
Procter & Gamble Co	7.0%	6.2%	2.4%	1.8%	✓
ProLogis Inc	5.2%	11.7%	3.6%	1.2%	$\checkmark$
Qualcomm Inc	6.3%	6.5%	2.2%	0.7%	~
Reinsurance Group America Inc	4.7%	4.9%	1.8%	1.1%	✓ ✓
Sempra	4.0%	4.3%	3.6%	2.8%	<b>V</b>
Snap On Inc	15.1%	14.7%	2.5%	1.6%	· ·
Stryker Corp	5.0%	7.9%	0.9%	0.9%	~
Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg Ltd Sp ADR	26.9%	10.1%	1.3%	2.8%	· ·
		-3.8%			
Targa Resources Corp	50.0%		1.5%	2.5%	$\checkmark$
TJX Cos Inc	27.8%	13.1%	1.4%	2.8%	
Travelers Companies Inc	5.0%	5.1%	1.6%	1.4%	✓ ✓
Union Pacific Corp	3.1%	6.7%	2.3%	1.2%	<b>v</b>
UnitedHealth Group Inc	11.7%	14.2%	1.6%	2.6%	✓
Wal-Mart Inc	13.3%	5.5%	1.1%	0.3%	✓ <i>✓</i>
Waste Management Inc	10.0%	8.6%	1.4%	2.1%	$\checkmark$
Williams Cos Inc	5.3%	4.6%	3.3%	5.4%	
Zoetis Inc CI A	15.7%	20.1%	1.2%	0.9%	✓ ✓
Average (\$ Weighted)	12.7%	9.3%	1.7% <sup>2</sup>		
S&P 500	6.8%	4.7%	1.4%		

19 Dividend increases from portfolio companies in 1Q25

### 10.3%

Average TTM increase of holdings that increased in the quarter

### 53

Portfolio dividend increases in 2024

Dividend Increase in 1Q25

Largest Income Percentage

Bahl & Gaynor Dividend model portfolio is fully discretionary, unconstrained and is subject to change. The holdings shown should not be considered a recommendation or solicitation to buy or sell any particular security and may not represent all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended for any particular advisory client. You should not assume that an investment in any of the securities was or will be profitable.

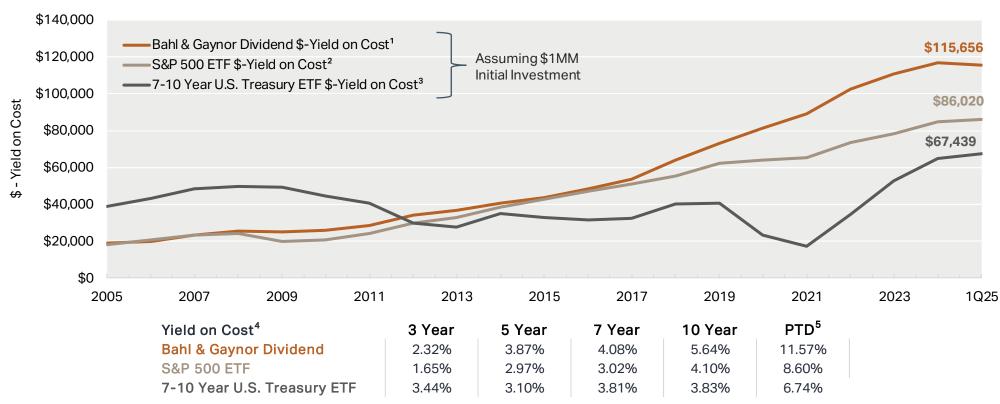
<sup>1</sup>Dividend increases are based on declaration date. <sup>1</sup>Bahl & Gaynor Dividend model portfolio 5-Year Dividend Growth is calculated as the compound annualized growth rate (CAGR) of the current dividend rate as of the most recent declaration date versus the same dividend rate 5 years prior. Figures based on Bahl & Gaynor Dividend strategy holdings as of most recent quarter end. S&P 500 5-Year Dividend Growth is calculated as the CAGR of the income earned in the most recent quarter versus the same quarter 5 years prior. This exhibit should not be construed to imply future results. <sup>2</sup>Dividend yield includes cash holdings

The 10+ years of dividend increases represent consecutive years of dividend increases. The 1-year dividend growth, 5-year average dividend growth and 10+ years of dividend increases statistics are included for information purposes and represent past performances. The portfolio did not necessarily hold all these securities for the 1-, 5-, or 10- year periods and therefore, the portfolio has not necessarily experienced all these dividend increases even though these securities had those dividend increases over that period.

Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, and company annual reports.

### Bahl&Gaynor Income History: YIELD ON COST IS AN IMPORTANT CONSIDERATION

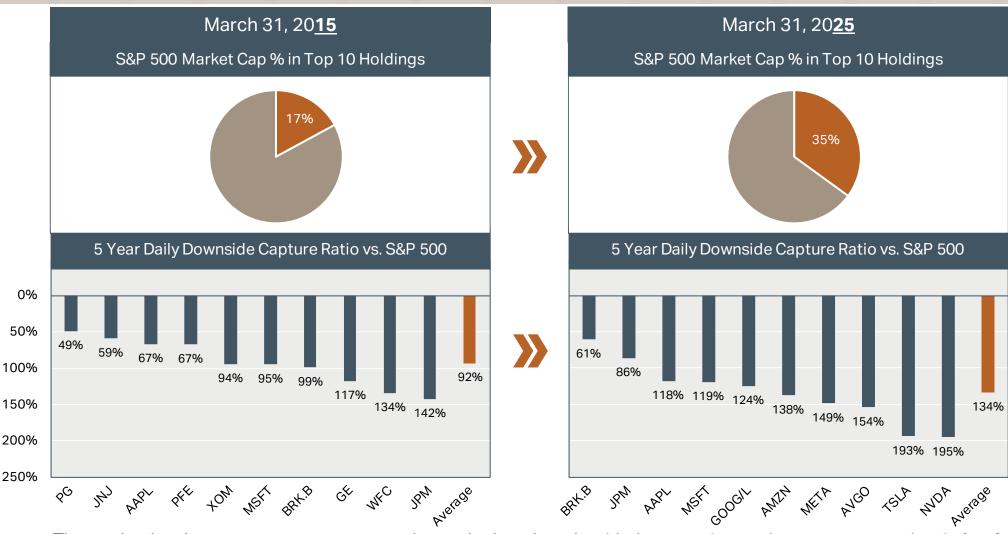
- Yield on cost is the actual dividend income earned divided by the initial investment specified at the starting date.
   It can only grow through owning stocks that increase the dividends they pay over time.
- The Bahl & Gaynor Dividend strategy generated \$115,656 in income during the trailing twelve months ended 3/31/2025 based on a \$1MM initial investment at 12/31/2004.



<sup>1</sup>Yield on Cost is calculated on a gross of fee basis and does not incorporate the impact of advisory and other fees which will be experienced by investors. Bahl & Gaynor Dividend's Yield on Cost is calculated as of the most recent year-end using a model account by dividing the trailing twelve months of income earned by the market value as of 12/31/2004 and includes reinvestment of income. The yield is dollarized using \$1MM initial starting investment at PTD, 12/31/2004. <sup>2</sup>SPDR<sup>®</sup> S&P 500 ETF Trust (SPY) Yield on Cost is calculated using the same methodology, including income reinvestment, at strategy PTD, 12/31/2004. **SPY is used as an investable proxy of the S&P 500 Index that pays real distributions of dividend income paid by the index constituents. SPY was chosen versus other S&P 500 Index Tracking ETFs due to its status as one of the largest ETFs tracking the S&P 500 Index and its longer history, with an inception date of 1/22/1993, versus peers. <sup>3</sup>iShares 7-10 Year Treasury Bond ETF (IEF) Yield on Cost is calculated using the same methodology, including income reinvestment, at strategy PTD, 12/31/2004. IEF is used as a proxy for prevailing 10-Year U.S. Government bonds, so income reinvestment follows the same methodology as the equity investments. <b>IEF was chosen versus other U.S. Treasury ETFs given its status as the largest ETF product focused on intermediate term (e.g., 7-10 Year) U.S. Treasury bonds.** <sup>4</sup>Yield on Cost for each time period is calculated following the same methodology but is compared to beginning capital three, five, seven, and ten years prior. <sup>5</sup>Period to date (PTD) yield on cost beginning12/31/2004. These figures are for illustrative purposes only. Individual Bahl & Gaynor clients may realize different income growth rates due to variable client investing needs. **Past performance does not guarantee future results.** Source: Bahl & Gaynor and Bloomberg as of most recent quarter end.



#### Market Concentration and Downside Volatility: Higher Market Concentration has been associated with greater downside risk

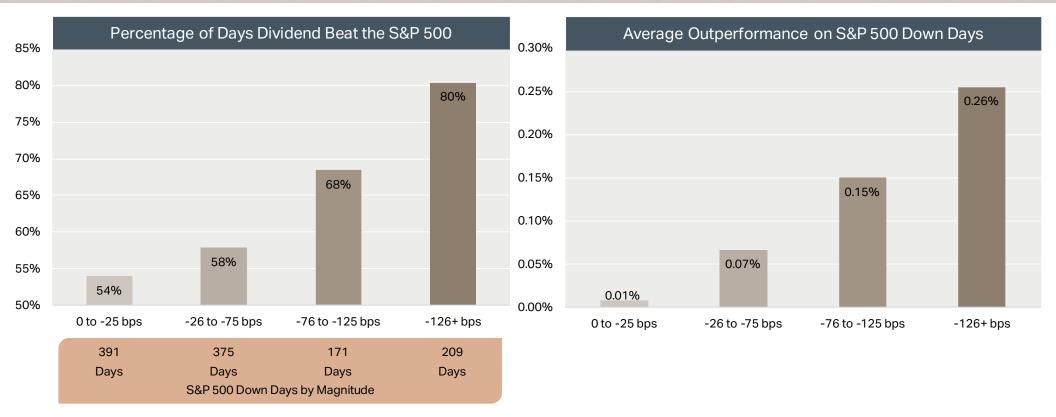


- The market has become more concentrated over the last decade with the top-10 constituents representing 35% of total market cap today versus 17% of market cap 10 years ago.
- In addition, the average daily downside capture ratio of the top-10 constituents has increased from 92% to 134% over the past 10 years.

Historical daily downside capture is the sum of each respective stock's returns on all S&P 500 down days during the period divided by the sum of S&P 500 returns on all down days. Down days are defined as any trading day the S&P 500 Index posts a negative total return. The above is intended only to illustrate how the S&P 500's top 10 constituents behaved in relation to the broader S&P 500 Index on down days and makes no representation about investment performance. Bahl & Gaynor assumes no liability for the interpretation or use of this report. For Illustration purposes only. Market conditions and historical data do not guarantee future results. Investing involves risks, including possible loss of principal. **Past performance does not guarantee future results**. Source: Bahl & Gaynor, FactSet and Bloomberg.



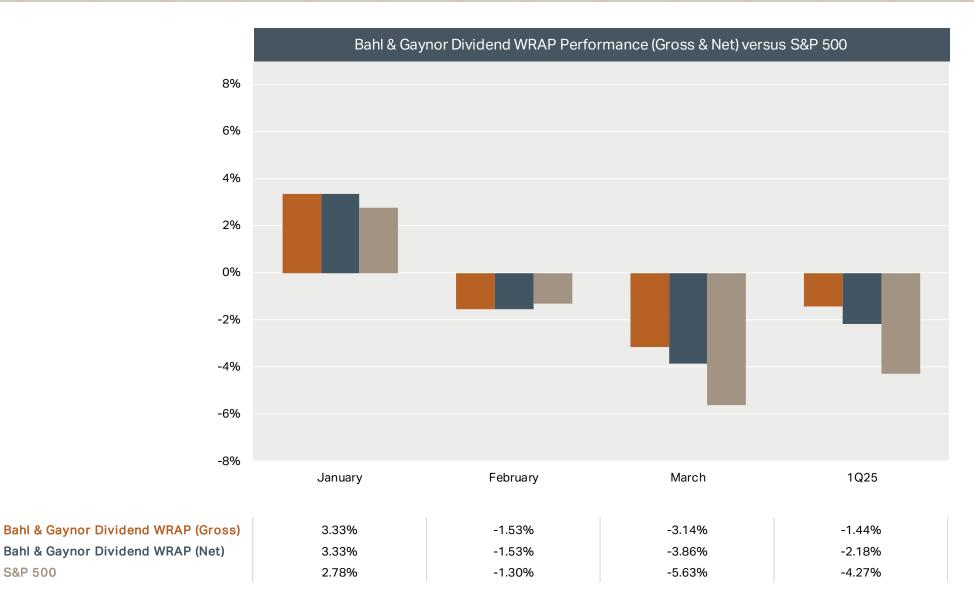
#### Bahl & Gaynor Dividend Downside Capture vs. S&P 500<sup>†</sup>: DOWNSIDE PROTECTION GREATER WITH MORE NEGATIVE MARKET RETURNS



- Bahl & Gaynor Dividend value-added has historically increased as daily market returns become more negative.
- In total, the Bahl & Gaynor Dividend strategy outperformed the S&P 500 on 62.2% of down days over the trailing 10 years.
- Lower standard deviation of return and beta relative to peers and the broader market can indicate fewer and less severe losses in volatile times.

The above is intended only to illustrate how the Bahl & Gaynor Dividend strategy has behaved in relation to the S&P 500 Index on down days and makes no representation about investment performance. Down days are defined as any trading day the S&P 500 posts a negative total return. Bahl & Gaynor Dividend downside capture is derived from the internal rate of return (IRR) of a single non-fee paying representative account, is calculated on a gross of fee basis and does not incorporate the impact of advisory and other fees which will be experienced by investors. <sup>†</sup>Data is the trailing 10 years from 3/31/2015 to 3/31/2025. Investing involves risk including possible loss of principal. **Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.** No representation, warranty, or undertaking, expressed or implied, is given to the accuracy or completeness of such information by Bahl & Gaynor or any other person. While such sources are believed to be reliable, Bahl & Gaynor does not assume any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of such information. Bahl & Gaynor does not undertake any obligation to update the information contained herein as of any future date. Source: Bahl & Gaynor.

# Bahl&Gaynor Dividend WRAP Performance: AS OF MARCH 31, 2025



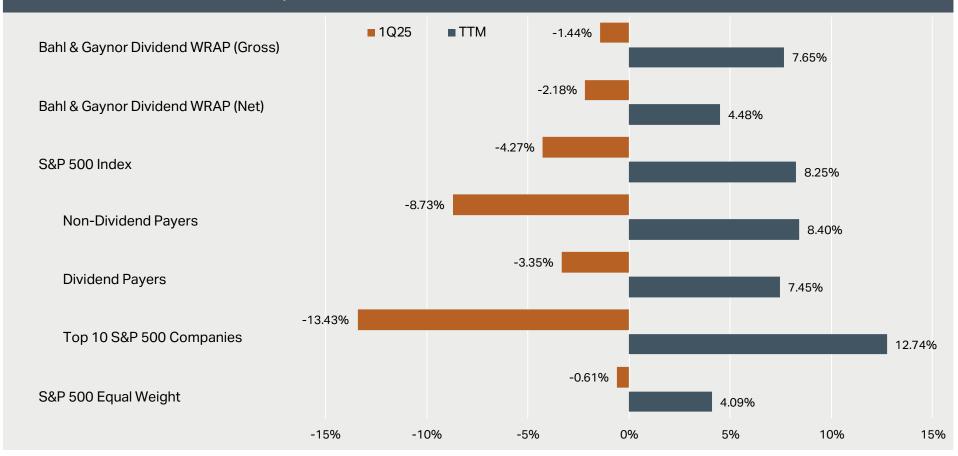
Past performance does not guarantee future results. Other methods may produce different results and the results for individual accounts and for different periods may vary depending on market conditions and the composition of the account. Care should be used when comparing these results to those published by other investment advisers, other investment vehicles and unmanaged indices due to possible differences in calculation methods. No alteration of the composite as presented here has occurred because of changes in personnel or other reasons at any time.

S&P 500



#### Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRAP Composite Performance: DIVIDEND-PAYING AND EQUAL-WEIGHT STOCKS GAINED MOMENTUM IN 1Q2025

Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRAP & S&P 500 Dividend Tranche Performance

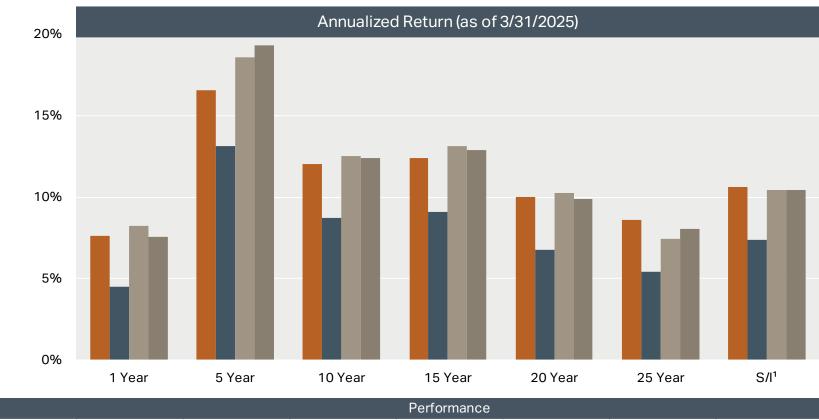


Data as of most recent quarter end. Past performance does not guarantee future results. The S&P 500 dividend tranches are calculated as cap-weighted return figures. Historical performance results for investment indices and/or categories have been provided for general comparison purposes only, and generally do not reflect the deduction of transaction and/or custodial fees, the deduction of an investment management fee, nor the impact of taxes, the incurrence of which would have the effect of decreasing historical performance results. Top 10 S&P 500 Companies include the top market-cap weighted companies, or top 11 stocks including both share classes of Alphabet, throughout the period. The trailing 12 month return is the average cap-weighted return of Apple (AAPL), Microsoft (MSFT), Nvidia (NVDA), Alphabet (GOOG/L), Amazon (AMZN), Meta Platforms (META), Berkshire Hathaway (BRK.B), Broadcom (AVGO), Tesla (TSLA), and Eli Lilly (LLY). 1Q2025 return is the average cap-weighted return of Apple (AAPL), Nvidia (NVDA), Microsoft (MSFT), Amazon (AMZN), Alphabet (GOOG/L), Meta Platforms (META), Broadcom (AVGO), Tesla (TSLA), Berkshire Hathaway (BRK.B), and JPMorgan & Chase (JPM). The S&P 500 Equal Weight is proxied by the S&P500 Equal Weighted USD Total Return Index (SPXEWTR). It should not be assumed that client account holdings do or will correspond directly to any comparative indices. The Dividend strategy is typically compared to the S&P 500 and/or Russell 1000 Value Index. Any comparison to the S&P 500 Equal Weight Index is for illustrative purposes only. Source: FactSet, 2025

BGP20200414-1



Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRAP Composite Performance: LONG-TERM FOCUS HAS PROVIDED COMPETITIVE THROUGH-CYCLE RETURNS RELATIVE TO STYLE PROXIES AND BENCHMARKS



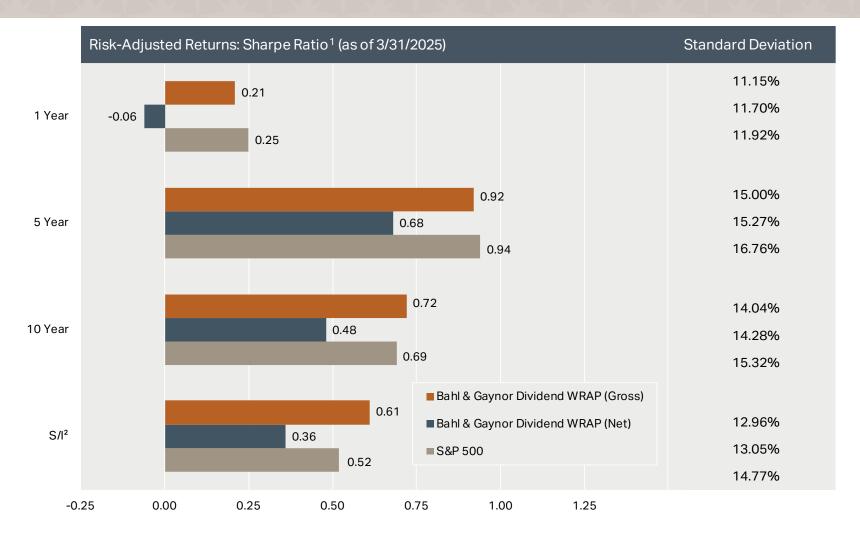
				Performance			
Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRAP (Gross)	7.65%	16.60%	12.03%	12.44%	10.00%	8.59%	10.61%
Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRAP (Net)	4.48%	13.16%	8.73%	9.13%	6.76%	5.39%	7.36%
S&P 500	8.25%	18.59%	12.50%	13.15%	10.23%	7.41%	10.45%
S&P 500 Dividend Payers	7.59%	19.33%	12.40%	12.91%	9.88%	8.03%	10.46%

<sup>1</sup>Inception date 6/30/1990. All periods greater than one year are annualized. **Past performance does not guarantee future results**. Other methods may produce different results and the results for individual accounts and for different periods may vary depending on market conditions and the composition of the account. Care should be used when comparing these results to those published by other investment advisers, other investment vehicles and unmanaged indices due to possible differences in calculation methods. No alteration of the composite as presented here has occurred because of changes in personnel or other reasons at any time. The S&P 500 Dividend Payers consists of only dividend-paying companies at the beginning of each year in the S&P 500. The return figures are calculated as a cap-weighted, float-adjusted index. The Bahl & Gaynor Dividend strategy is typically compared to the S&P 500 Index. Any comparison to other benchmarks is for illustrative purposes only.

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# Bah&Gaynor Dividends® Dividends® Risk-Adjusted Return Results: ACTIVE, DIFFERENTIATED RISK ADJUSTED RETURN PROFILE VS. INDEX



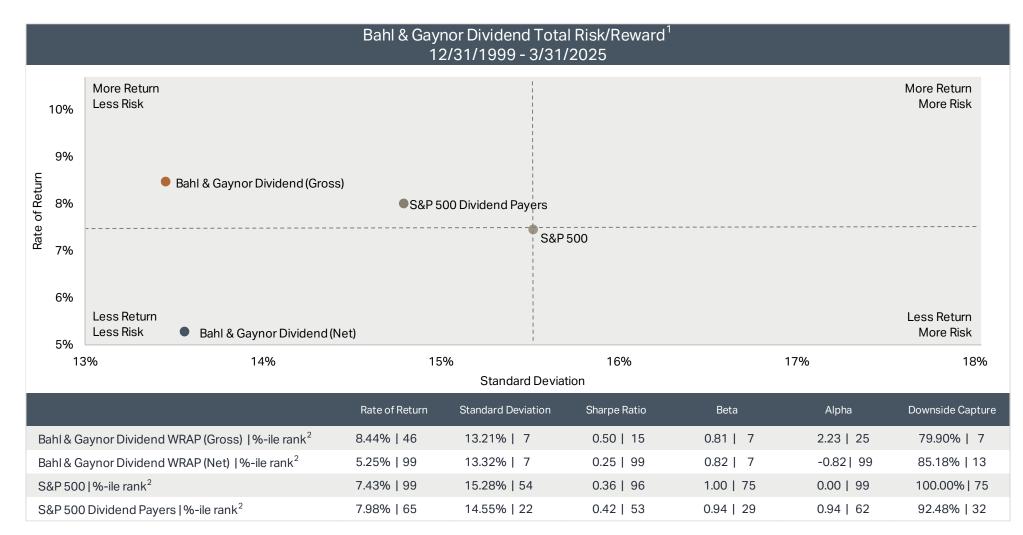
Bahl & Gaynor's active risk management approach seeks to deliver a differentiated risk-adjusted return profile versus the S&P 500.

Source: Zephyr.

Sharpe Ratio is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. <sup>2</sup>Inception date 6/30/1990. All periods greater than one year are annualized. Past performance does not guarantee future results. Other methods may produce different results and the results for individual accounts and for different periods may vary depending on market conditions and the composition of the account. Care should be used when comparing these results to those published by other investment advisers, other investment vehicles The return figures are calculated as a cap-weighted, float-adjusted index.



#### Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRAP Risk/Reward Analysis: PERCENTILE RANKINGS HAVE INDICATED A STRONG RISK/REWARD PROFILE



#### • Our primary objectives are long-term growth of dividend income, downside protection, and total return.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Time period chosen to show performance of the strategy from the prior market cycle peak through the entirety of that cycle. <sup>2</sup>Percentile rankings courtesy of Informa – PSN's Large Cap Core Universe. PSN US Large Cap Core Universe includes US equity products that select Large Cap (\$10B - \$200B) as their primary market capitalization range with Core chosen as the primary style. REIT and convertible products are excluded. The S&P 500 Dividend Payers consists of only dividend-paying companies at the beginning of each year in the S&P 500. The return figures are calculated as a cap-weighted, float-adjusted index. At the time of this update, there were 32 peers are available for consideration in the rankings. **Past performance does not guarantee future results.** The Bahl & Gaynor Dividend strategy is typically compared to the S&P 500 Index. Any comparison to other benchmarks is for illustrative purposes only.

# Bahl&Gaynor Dividend Model Portfolio: AS OF MARCH 31, 2025

Bahl & Gaynor Dividend Sector Allocation History											S&P 500		
Sector	4Q15	4Q16	4Q17	4Q18	4Q19	4Q20	4Q21	4Q22	4Q23	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	1Q25
Communication Services	-	-	-	2.2%	2.2%	3.0%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	2.1%	3.4%	9.2%
Consumer Discretionary	12.0%	10.7%	9.0%	5.6%	7.9%	6.0%	6.7%	7.2%	7.2%	6.8%	6.7%	6.0%	10.3%
Consumer Staples	10.5%	10.2%	9.3%	8.5%	7.0%	5.6%	6.2%	9.4%	8.8%	7.7%	6.8%	6.7%	6.1%
Energy	4.6%	3.8%	1.7%	2.8%	4.1%	1.6%	1.6%	4.9%	5.0%	5.4%	6.2%	7.3%	3.7%
Financials	19.5%	15.7%	17.7%	17.1%	16.4%	15.0%	15.8%	15.3%	14.6%	14.8%	16.0%	17.2%	14.7%
Health Care	15.5%	16.2%	15.6%	17.1%	10.9%	14.9%	16.8%	16.5%	15.0%	15.1%	13.7%	15.1%	11.2%
Industrials	12.1%	13.3%	11.9%	11.4%	12.9%	15.6%	11.5%	14.3%	19.9%	18.8%	17.8%	18.4%	8.5%
Information Technology	17.6%	20.9%	23.2%	22.9%	23.5%	26.3%	29.4%	21.7%	19.4%	19.5%	21.0%	16.5%	29.6%
Materials	2.7%	1.5%	2.2%	2.2%	2.3%	2.5%	2.8%	2.5%	2.3%	3.2%	3.0%	3.0%	2.0%
Real Estate	1.0%	0.9%	1.8%	1.9%	2.9%	2.1%	2.1%	1.7%	2.0%	1.2%	1.0%	0.6%	2.3%
Utilities	1.8%	4.0%	4.9%	5.3%	6.9%	5.6%	4.2%	5.0%	4.5%	4.9%	4.6%	4.4%	2.5%
Cash	2.7%	2.8%	2.7%	3.0%	2.9%	1.8%	1.2%	1.7%	1.3%	1.2%	1.3%	1.6%	0.0%

Top 10 Portfolio Holdings								
Holding	% of Portfolio	Dividend Yield						
Eli Lilly (LLY)	5.05%	0.7%						
Broadcom (AVGO)	4.09%	1.4%						
Broadridge Financial Solutions (BR)	4.05%	1.5%						
Taiwan Semiconductor (TSM)	3.94%	1.3%						
Motorola Solutions (MSI)	3.93%	1.0%						
Cintas (CTAS)	3.86%	0.8%						
Marsh & McLennan (MMC)	3.69%	1.3%						
TJX (TJX)	3.49%	1.4%						
AbbVie (ABBV)	3.33%	3.1%						
Mondelez (MDLZ)	2.95%	2.8%						
	38.36%							

Portfolio Characteristics							
Characteristic	Bahl & Gaynor Dividend	S&P 500					
P/E Ratio (trailing 12 months)	24.0x	24.5x					
P/B Ratio	5.4x	4.6x					
Weighted Average Market Cap	\$276.9 B	\$906.4 B					
Median Market Cap	\$86.2 B	\$36.2 B					
Dividend Yield	1.7%	1.4%					
Number of Positions	54	503					

Data is drawn from the Bahl & Gaynor Dividend model portfolio that is fully discretionary, unconstrained and subject to change. Individual Bahl & Gaynor clients may or may not hold these positions or have similar characteristics. Portfolio dividend yield includes cash holdings. <sup>1</sup>Sector weights are as of period end.



# Bahl&Gaynor Dividend WRAP: COMPOSITE PERFORMANCE

	Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRA	AP versus S&P 500 and Other I	ndices	
Annual & Quarterly Performance	Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRAP (Gross)	Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRAP (Net)	S&P 500	Equal Weight S&P 500
1Q 2025	-1.44%	-2.18%	-4.27%	-0.61%
2024	21.03%	17.46%	25.02%	13.01%
2023	12.52%	9.20%	26.29%	13.87%
2022	-9.38%	-12.05%	-18.11%	-11.45%
2021	28.12%	24.35%	28.71%	29.63%
2020	10.65%	7.40%	18.40%	12.83%
2019	35.13%	31.15%	31.49%	29.24%
2018	-1.53%	-4.43%	-4.38%	-7.64%
2017	24.75%	21.08%	21.83%	18.90%
2016	10.44%	7.19%	11.96%	14.80%
2015	0.31%	-2.64%	1.38%	-2.20%
2014	11.83%	8.54%	13.69%	14.49%
2013	28.73%	24.94%	32.39%	36.16%
2012	10.35%	7.10%	16.00%	17.65%
2011	5.43%	2.33%	2.11%	-0.11%
2010	12.50%	9.19%	15.06%	21.91%
2009	19.52%	16.00%	26.46%	46.31%
2008	-24.39%	-26.62%	-37.00%	-39.72%
2007	8.17%	4.98%	5.49%	1.53%
2006	10.57%	7.32%	15.79%	15.80%
2005	3.61%	0.56%	4.91%	8.06%
2004	11.78%	8.49%	10.88%	16.95%
2003	19.91%	16.38%	28.68%	40.97%
2002	-12.56%	-15.14%	-22.10%	-18.18%
2001	-7.44%	-10.16%	-11.89%	-0.39%
2000	6.64%	3.50%	-9.10%	9.64%
1999	3.60%	0.55%	21.04%	12.03%
1998	19.06%	15.56%	28.58%	12.19%
1997	43.56%	39.33%	33.36%	29.05%
1996	23.24%	19.61%	22.96%	19.02%
1995	35.33%	31.34%	37.58%	32.03%
1994	0.70%	-2.26%	1.32%	0.95%
1993	2.79%	-0.23%	10.08%	15.12%
1992	4.56%	1.48%	7.62%	15.63%
1991	36.64%	32.62%	30.47%	35.51%

Please review the GIPS Report on the following page. The Bahl & Gaynor Dividend strategy is typically compared to the S&P 500 Index. Any comparison to the Equal Weight S&P 500 Index is for illustrative purposes only.

### Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRAP Composite:

JUNE 30, 1990 (INCEPTION) - DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Net	"Pure" Gross	Benchmark	Number	Composite	<u>3 Year Ex-Post S</u>	Standard Deviation	Total Composite	Non-fee Paying	Total Firm	Total
	Return	Return	<u>Return (%)</u>	of	Dispersion	Composite	S&P 500	Assets	Assets	Assets	AUA
Year	(%)	(%)	S&P 500	Accounts	(%)	(%)	(%)	(\$MM)	(%)	(\$MM)	(\$MM)1
2014	8.54	11.83	13.69	≤5	N/A	8.6	9.0	507.8	0.0	7,545.8	5,699.9
2015	-2.64	0.31	1.38	≤5	N/A	10.8	10.5	512.6	0.0	7,966.6	6,050.1
2016	7.19	10.44	11.96	≤5	N/A	10.6	10.6	513.1	0.0	8,792.4	8,425.1
2017	21.08	24.75	21.83	≤5	N/A	10.2	9.9	595.1	0.0	10,778.1	11,541.5
2018	-4.43	-1.53	-4.38	≤5	N/A	10.2	10.8	573.6	0.0	10,688.5	12,901.4
2019	31.15	35.13	31.49	≤5	N/A	10.9	13.1	581.1	0.0	15,358.8	22,144.9
2020	7.40	10.65	18.40	≤5	N/A	17.2	18.5	538.4	0.0	16,244.6	25,716.4
2021	24.35	28.12	28.71	≤5	N/A	16.5	17.2	675.5	0.0	18,705.1	32,123.7
2022	-12.05	-9.38	-18.11	≤5	N/A	19.6	20.9	533.9	0.0	16,936.7	29,420.5
2023	9.20	12.52	26.29	≤5	N/A	15.6	17.3	561.6	0.0	17,722.1	29,724.3

ORGANIZATION AND PRESENTATION STANDARDS - The firm is defined as Bahl & Gaynor Investment Counsel, Inc. (Bahl & Gaynor), an independent, privately held corporation registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. Based on the way the firm holds itself out in the marketplace and in order to adhere to both the requirements and the spirit of the GIPS standards, we have adopted the broadest possible definition of the firm. The firm includes all accounts managed by the firm. Bahl & Gaynor manages both institutional and high net worth accounts. Registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training. The composite of Bahl & Gaynor Dividend WRAP investment accounts under management was created in June 2009. Bahl & Gaynor claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. Bahl & Gaynor has been independently verified for the periods June 30, 1990 to December 31, 2023. The verification reports are available upon request. A firm that claims compliance with the GIPS standards must establish policies and procedures for complying with all the applicable requirements of the GIPS standards. Verification provides assurance on whether the firm's policies and procedures related to composite and pooled fund maintenance, as well as the calculation, presentation, and distribution of performance, have been designed in compliance with the GIPS standards and have been implemented on a firm-wide basis. Verification does not provide assurance on the accuracy of any specific performance report.

SCHEDULES OF PERFORMANCE - The currency used to express performance is U.S. dollars. The composite includes portfolios that were charged a wrap fee by their respective custodians. Wrap fees take the place of a transaction fee structure and represent a percentage fee charged against assets under management. These wrap fees include all charges for trading costs, portfolio management, custody, and other administrative fees. Beginning July 1, 2009, the composite includes only wrap sponsors, performance results prior to this are derived from the Bahl & Gaynor Dividend composite returns. The composite was comprised of 100% wrap feepaying sponsors as of Dec. 31, 2011 and later. Composite dispersion measures represent the consistency of a firm's annual composite performance with respect to the individual account annual returns within a composite. The dispersion of annual returns is measured by standard deviation across asset-weighted accounts. Dispersion includes only those accounts which have been included in the composite for the entire year. This eliminates any inaccuracies created by annualizing partial year returns. For those years when less than six portfolios were included in the composite for the full year, no internal dispersion measures is presented available upon request. **Past performance is not indicative of future results**. Other methods may produce different results or individual accounts and preparing GIPS Reports are conditions and the composition of the account. Care should be used when comparing these results to those published by other investment advisers, other investment vehicles and unmanaged indices due to possible differences in calculation methods. No alteration of the composite as presented here has occurred because of changes in personnel or other reasons at any time.

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BENCHMARK - The S&P 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index that measures the performance of 500 large capitalization domestic stocks representing all major industries. Index information was obtained by ICE Data Services and Bloomberg. As of December 31, 2024 the Russell 1000 Growth was retroactively removed for all periods. Changes to the composition of growth style benchmarks over time have made comparisons to the S&P 500 more meaningful. Benchmark returns are not covered by the report of the independent verifiers.

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