



Your Identity Remains at Risk:

ID Theft on a Record Pace

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U.S. online holiday shopping is expected to reach a record \$215B this year; that's more than 12% year over year growth following an unprecedented surge last year.¹

Be advised, as we place more items in our virtual carts, scammers are more than keeping pace. The Federal Trade Commission reported a 113% increase in ID theft cases last year over 2019 and anticipates the cost to Americans to grow by nearly \$9B in 2021.

It was, of course, the pandemic that fueled the surge in 2020; the increase and extension of unemployment benefits

made that sector an attractive target for scammers. But new credit card accounts are the next largest category of FTC complaints and remain a huge problem.² Fraudsters can steal your identity, apply for and receiving a new credit card in your name. Account takeover is another illegal, but increasingly popular move where criminal can steal money and/or access rewards from airlines, hotels, or merchants, even insurance policies.

Bahl & Gaynor offers our clients instructions to follow should they believe they are victims of identity theft. We're happy to share them with you, [HERE](#).

Meanwhile, here are some important tips:

Things you can do to protect yourself from identity theft:



Freeze your credit with all the major credit bureaus: Equifax, Experian and TransUnion. It's free, doesn't affect your credit score, and prohibits anyone pretending to be you from opening a new account.



Guard your Social Security Number. Don't carry your card with you! Secure paperwork that includes your SSN.



Ignore calls or emails asking for your personal information. You should initiate any communication that requires it.



Don't open email attachments from unknown sources.



Consider using a credit and identity theft monitoring service.



Use strong passwords. Also, avoid obvious security questions (it's not hard to find your pet's name, city where you were born, or maiden name on social media.)



Monitor your bank statements and credit card reports regularly.



Hold your mail when leaving town.



Shred statements containing personal information before trashing them, especially junk mail offering pre-approved credit offers. (Yes, people troll the garbage.)



Add security software to your PC, laptop, tablet.



Avoid connecting to public WiFi (i.e. airport, coffee shops) if possible.



Consider a digital wallet. It's an app with digital, encrypted versions of your credit and debit cards. Bonus: it's contactless, so fewer health risks.



Lock your mobile devices with a code or password. (Consumer Reports says only 36% of American smartphone users set a pin to lock their phones.)

¹ <https://www.digitalcommerce360.com/article/online-holiday-sales/>

² <https://www.iii.org/fact-statistic/facts-statistics-identity-theft-and-cybercrime>